SECTION 5

POLLUTANT UPTAKE DATA ANALYSIS

Statistical comparison of pollutant uptake data sets reveal differential trends in pollutant assimilation and storage over time, from species to species, from matrix to matrix, and from experimental to control sites. This section discusses these trends in detail.

STATISTICAL METHODS

The data sets consist of the pollutant concentrations of the matrix (root, shoot, or soil) samples from each plant sample per sampling event. Initial statistical analysis of the data sets calculated the mean and standard deviation of the pollutant concentrations of the sample iterations for each plant matrix. The mean values for each matrix per plant species were then combined for all three sample events to determine the underlying frequency distribution. The mean values were then log ten transformed to normalize the data for analysis of variance (ANOVA). Where ANOVA determined there were significant differences between the mean values of the sampling events, t-tests were used to support those differences and weigh their significance. Data sets for nitrogen and phosphorus proved too small for transformation and were treated nonparametrically.

The results of all pollutant analyses discussed in this report are in units of parts per million (ppm) or milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg), dry basis. Total lead and zinc values of less than 1 ppm are reported as 1 ppm, and TPH values less than 20 ppm are reported as 20 ppm for statistical purposes. All total phosphorus and Kjeldahl nitrogen values fell well above their detection limits.

POLLUTION CONCENTRATION VARIATIONS

The pollutant uptake sampling regime at the South Base pond was designed to measure the mean pollutant uptake performance for each study species. Recognizing the variation in pollutant exposure according to proximity of plants to inflows and prevalent hydrologic conditions, samples were drawn from sites distributed throughout the pond. The validity of this sampling regime was tested by comparing the relative pollutant contribution of each inflow. Soil pollutant levels from the September and October sampling events were grouped into "east" and

"west" data sets to correspond with the South Base and employee parking lot inflow locations, respectively. Mann-Whitney "U" tests were then applied to the data sets. September and October data sets were treated separately.

TPH and zinc soil levels were significantly higher in eastern pond soil samples (p<0.001, p<0.05) for the-September sampling. Soil lead levels did not differ appreciably from one another, although the highest soil lead concentration was found near the transit base inflow. These findings support the assumption that the transit base inflow constitutes the greater source of pollutants because of greater pollutant-generating activity and larger area than the parking lot inflow. The October soil samples further supported this assumption, with soil lead levels greater in the eastern half of the pond (p<0.01). Soil TPH and zinc levels were also elevated closer to the base inflow but fell short of a p<0.05 significance level. Because of the variable contributions of the inflows, distributed sampling was necessary to avoid skewing the results. Iris pseudacorus, however, occurred only in two discrete sites that favor low pollutant concentrations. This may partially account for the generally low matrix pollutant levels of Iris pseudacorus in the study. Table 5-1 shows the soil pollutant levels in the east and west halves of the pond.

TABLE 5-1.	TABLE 5-1. Soil Pollutant Levels in East and West Halves of the Pond								
Pollutant	Median Level (ppm) East Half	Median Level (ppm) East Half Median Level (ppm) West Half							
	Septem	ber 1991							
TPH	7,100.0	620.0	0.0003						
Pb	83.0	34.0	0.2954						
Zn	220.0	130.0	0.0424						
	Octob	er 1991							
TPH	830.0	360.0	0.0564						
Pb	62.0	32.0	0.0034						
Zn	170.0	150.0	0.0600						
	Combined Septer	nber/October 1991							
TPH	985.0 (wet)	2,050.0 (dry)	0.8852						
Pb	32.0 (wet)	67.5 (dry)	0.3865						
Zn	155.0 (wet)	190.0 (dry)	0.1939						

The influence of water level on pollutant uptake was investigated using *Sparganium sp.* plant tissue samples from "inundated" and "dry" sites for both the September and October sampling events. The inundated sites were areas that were usually flooded. The dry sites represented areas of generally less frequent flooding. Mann-Whitney "U" tests revealed that *Sparganium sp.* absorbed similar levels of TPH, lead, and zinc regardless of whether the site was dry or inundated.

Experimental to Reference Site Variations

The September sampling of pond and reference control sites provided the central data base for the pollutant uptake study. Cursory comparison of the matrix samples from the pond site to the controls for *Typha latifolia*, *Sparganium sp.*, *Scirpus acutus*, *Eleocharis ovata*, and *Iris pseudacorus* shows that overall the levels of TPH, lead, and zinc were higher in the pond site matrices (Table 5-2).

Soil samples from the pond site had far greater TPH concentrations than the control sites for all plants (p<0.05 or p<0.01) except *Iris pseudacorus*, where there was no significant difference. Soil zinc levels in the pond samples exceeded those in the control samples for all plants (p<0.01 or p<0.05). Soil lead concentrations varied between control and pond according to species. Soils from *Sparganium sp.* and *Iris pseudacorus* showed no strong differences between the pond and control sites. This may be partially explained by above-normal levels of lead in the soil samples of *Sparganium sp.* and *Iris pseudacorus* from the control site. *Eleocharis ovata* soils retained significantly greater concentrations of lead than *Eleocharis ovata* soils from the nursery controls (p<0.01). Refer to Table 5-3 and Figures 5-1 through 5-3 for a comparison of pollutant levels in different plant matrices.

All plants except Scirpus acutus retained concentrations of TPH in their root tissues moderately elevated above their control site counterparts. Typha latifolia root tissues accumulated mean levels of TPH at the pond site of 2,000 ppm but these did not depart significantly from the control site levels. Root levels of zinc were distinctively higher in pond samples for Typha latifolia, Sparganium sp., and Eleocharis ovata (p<0.05 or p<0.01), while Iris pseudacorus and Scirpus acutus root concentrations of zinc did not significantly depart from those of the controls. Sparganium sp. root tissue levels of zinc were the highest for the September sampling event, with 203 ppm. Root tissue lead concentrations followed the same pattern as zinc, with both Iris pseudacorus and Scirpus acutus pond samples

TABLE	TABLE 5-2. Comparison of Pollutant Levels In Different Plant Matrices for South Base Pond and Control Sites (September 1991)						
Matrix	TPH	Pb	Zn				
		Typha latifolia					
Soil	Variable in pond, but >> control	Variable in pond, but > control	Variable in pond, but > control				
Root	Pond > control	Pond > control (in most samples)	Pond > control				
Shoot	Pond > control (in most samples)	At detection limit in both pond and control	Pond > control (in most samples)				
	5	parganium sp.					
Soil	Pond >> control	No consistent trend	Pond > control				
Root	Pond > control	Pond >> control	Pond > control				
Shoot	Pond > control	Pond > control (in most samples)	Pond > control				
		Scirpus acutus					
Soil	Pond >> control	Pond > control	Pond > control				
Root	No difference	Pond > control (but low values)	Variable values in pond—no clear evidence of uptake				
Shoot	Pond > control	At detection limit in both pond and control	Slightly elevated in pond				
	E	leocharis ovata					
Soil	Pond >> control	Variable in pond, but in general >> control	Pond > control				
Root	Pond > control (in most samples)	Variable in pond, but in general >> control	Pond > control				
Shoot	Pond > control	Little difference, with most levels close to detection limit	Pond > control				
	Ir	is pseudacorus					
Soil	Little difference, with one high value in pond	No consistent trend	Pond > control				
Root	Pond > control (in most samples)	Little difference, with most values close to detection limit	No difference				
Shoot	No difference	At detection limit in both pond and control	No difference				

by Matrix Using September 1991 Data									
Plant	Soil	Root	Shoot						
	TPF	ſ							
Iris pseudacorus	0.290	0.220	0.630						
Typha latifolia	0.034	0.074	0.200						
Sparganium sp.	0.011	0.280	0.001						
Scirpus acutus	0.002	0.960	0.001						
Eleocharis ovata	0.000	0.750	0.000						
	Pb								
Iris pseudacorus	0.630	0.390	Not defined						
Typha latifolia	0.460	0.390	Not defined						
Sparganium sp.	0.630	0.002	0.230						
Scirpus acutus	0.160	0.150	0.160						
Eleocharis ovata	0.001	0.000	Not defined						
	Zn								
Iris pseudacorus	0.008	0.330	0.032						
Typha latifolia	0.033	0.009	0.035						
Sparganium sp.	0.002	0.021	0.001						
Scirpus acutus	0.002	0.079	0.001						
Eleocharis ovata	0.004	0.021	0.000						

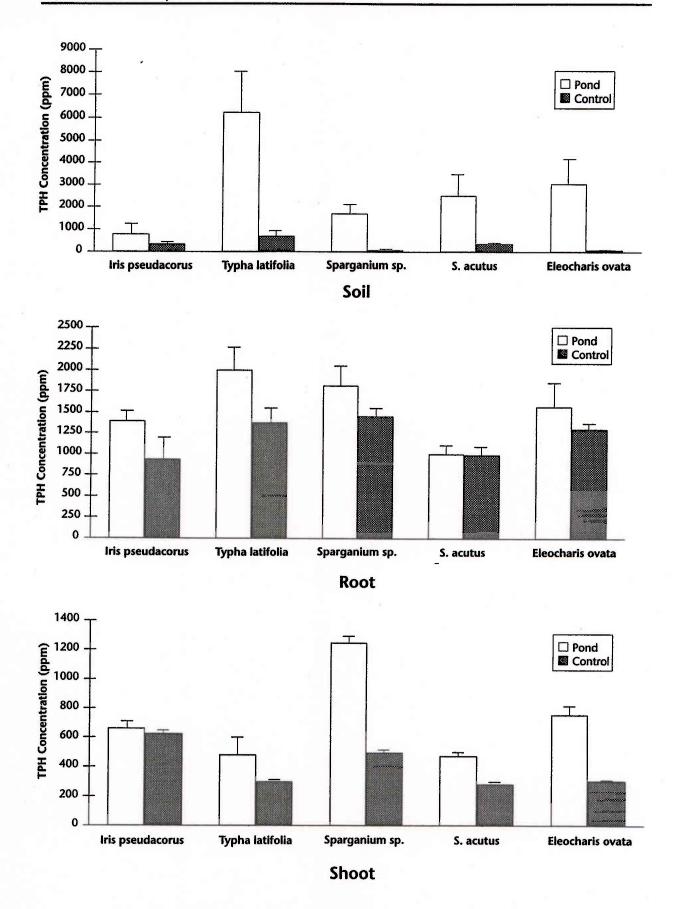


Figure 5-1. TPH Concentrations for Pond and Control Sites

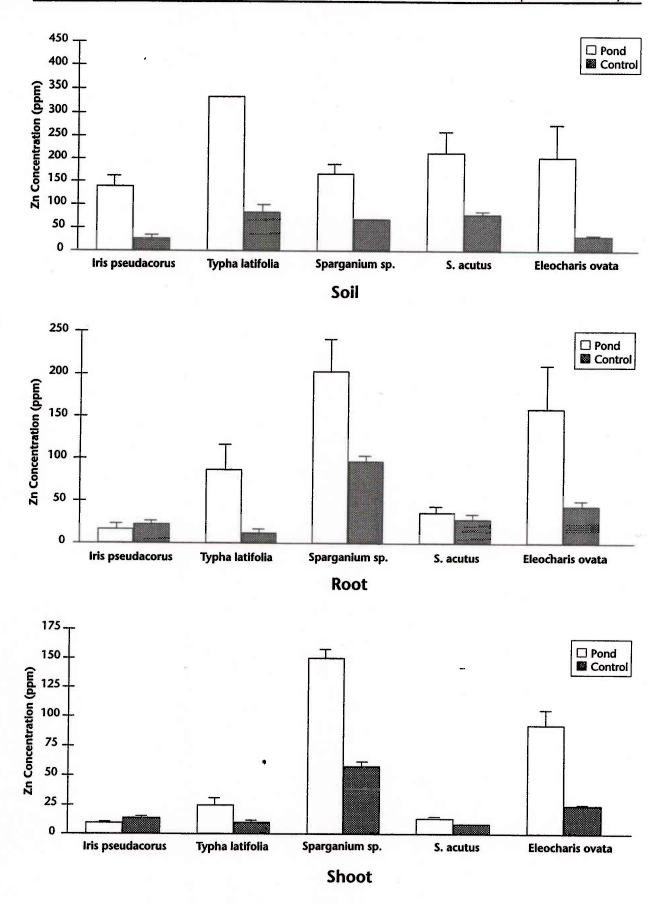
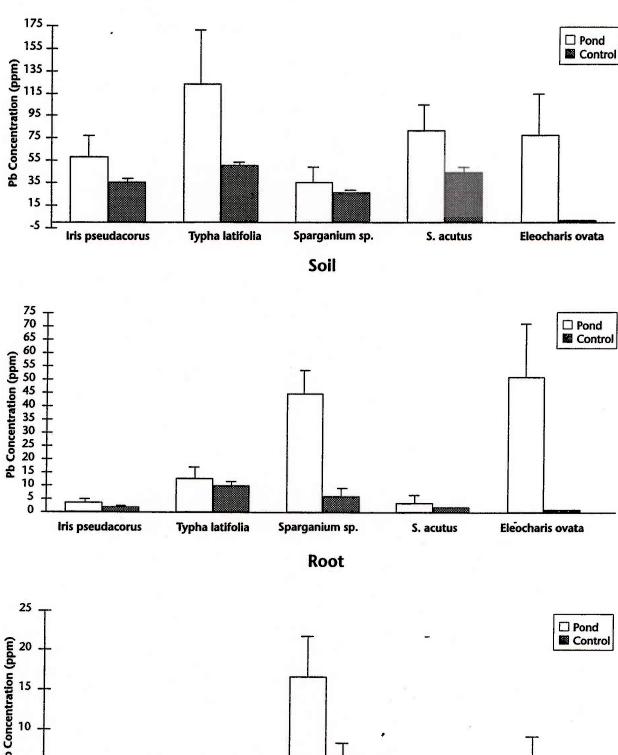


Figure 5-2. Zinc Concentrations for Pond and Control Sites



Pb Concentration (ppm) 5 Iris pseudacorus Typha latifolia Sparganium sp. S. acutus **Eleocharis** ovata Shoot

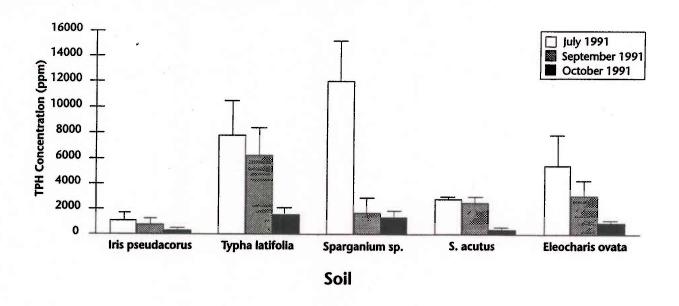
Figure 5-3. Lead Concentrations for Pond and Control Sites

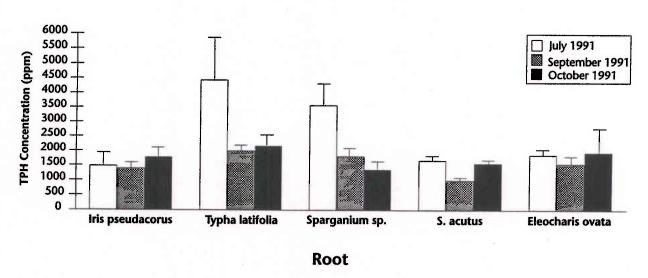
showing little difference from the controls, with concentrations at or near the detection level. *Sparganium sp.* and *Eleocharis ovata* pond samples assimilated markedly greater levels of lead in their roots than the controls (p<0.01 or p<0.001). *Eleocharis ovata* root tissues from the pond samples had more than 30 times the levels of lead in the control root samples.

Shoot tissue pollutant concentrations displayed interesting results. In general, shoot tissues stored far less TPH, lead, and zinc than did the root tissues. Shoot TPH levels for all pond samples did not differ significantly from the control shoot tissue levels. Sparganium sp. and Eleocharis ovata from the pond had shoot tissue lead concentrations that surpassed the control shoot tissue lead concentrations. Pond Typha latifolia, Iris pseudacorus, and Scirpus acutus shoot tissues showed lead concentrations similar to the control samples, near the detection limit. Levels of zinc in pond sample shoot tissues follow a pattern similar to the root tissue zinc levels, with Sparganium sp. and Eleocharis ovata, and, to a lesser extent, Typha latifolia exhibiting higher levels than the controls. Neither Iris pseudacorus nor Scirpus acutus pond samples departed meaningfully from the control samples for shoot tissue zinc concentrations. Figures 5-4 through 5-6 and Tables 5-4 through 5-6 show pollutant concentrations for individual sampling dates.

Temporal Variations

As a general trend, pollutant concentrations declined in matrix samples from the pond across the July, September, and October sampling events. As shown in Table 5-7, soil TPH levels reduced markedly over time for all plants, especially Sparganium sp., which dropped 700 percent in soil TPH levels from July to September (p<0.05). Root TPH levels dropped significantly for Typha latifolia and Sparganium sp. from July to September and to a lesser extent for Scirpus acutus. Iris pseudacorus and Eleocharis ovata root tissue TPH levels varied little over time, with slight decreases from July to September followed by a resurgence to or exceeding July TPH levels in October. Scirpus acutus especially reflected this trend, with October root TPH concentrations matching July levels after a strong decrease in September (p<0.01 in both cases). Shoot TPH concentrations fell uniformly from September to October for all species (p<0.05 to p<0.001). Sparganium sp. decreased most significantly over this time, falling from 1,250 ppm to 513 ppm. In contrast, July to September changes in shoot tissue TPH levels showed no clear trend. TPH levels in Typha latifolia and Iris pseudacorus shoot tissues clearly decreased, while those in Sparganium sp., Eleocharis ovata, and Scirpus acutus increased over this time, but not significantly.





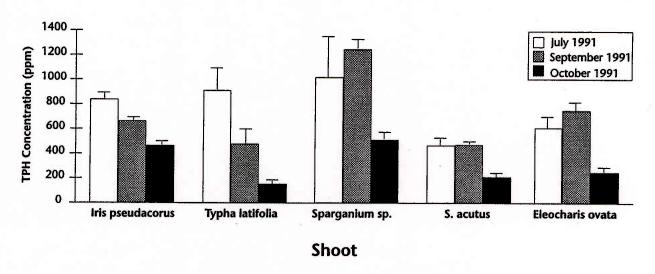


Figure 5-4. Matrix TPH Concentrations for Individual Sampling Dates

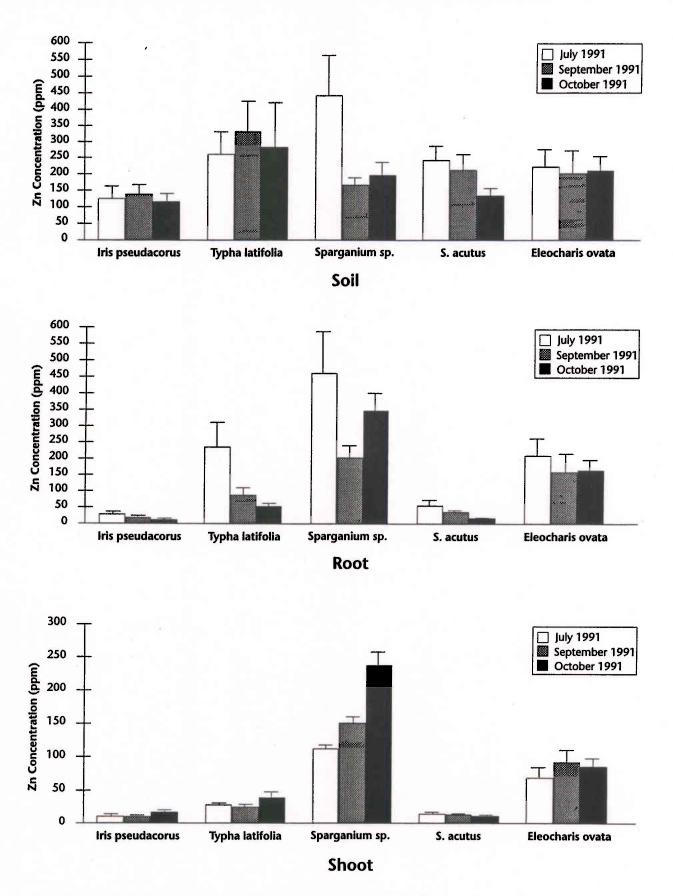


Figure 5-5. Matrix Zinc Concentrations for Individual Sampling Dates

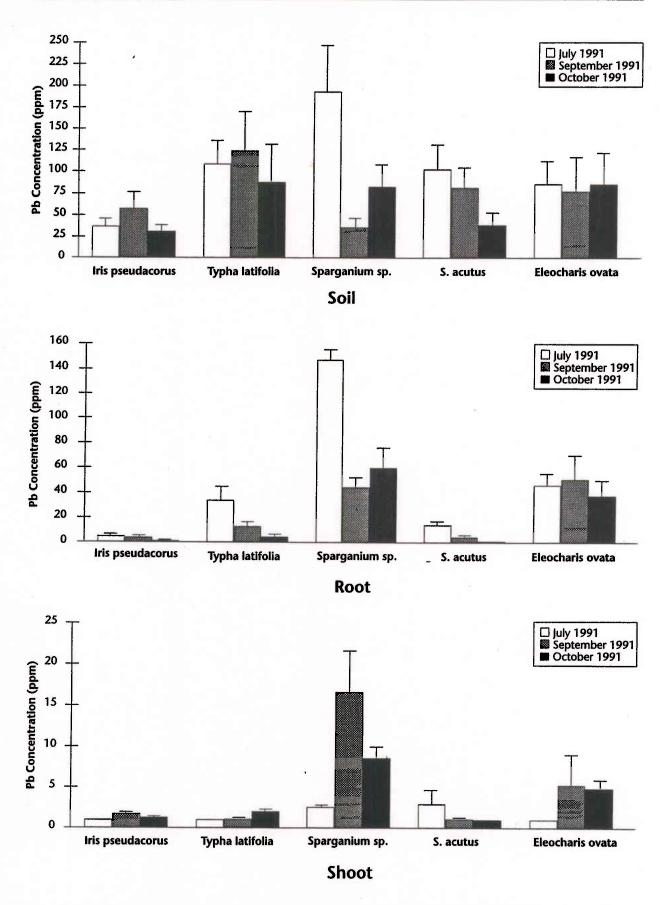


Figure 5-6. Matrix Lead Concentrations for Individual Sampling Dates

Plant	Sampling	Mean	Standard	Standard	Minimum	Maximum
	Date		Deviation	Error	Value	Value
		l	entrations			
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	1,100.0	1,035.0	598.0	420.0	2,300.0
	Sept 1991	794.0	1,029.0	389.0	210.0	3,100.0
	Oct 1991	312.0	370.0	140.0	20.0	1,100.0
Typha latifolia	July 1991	7,800.0	4,623.0	2,669.0	2,500.0	11,000.0
	Sept 1991	6,257.0	5,398.0	2,040.0	400.0	14,000.0
**************************************	Oct 1991	1,569.0	1,494.0	565.0	210.0	4,300.0
Sparganium sp.	July 1991	12,000.0	5,568.0	3,215.0	6,000.0	17,000.0
	Sept 1991	1,697.0	1,059.0	400.0	870.0	3,500.0
	Oct 1991	1,370.0	1,105.0	418.0	360.0	3,100.0
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	2,800.0	1,300.0	751.0	2,000.0	4,300.0
	Sept 1991	2,526.0	2,741.0	1,036.0	880.0	8,600.0
	Oct 1991	387.0	248.0	94.0	94.0	760.0
Eleocharis ovata	July 1991	5,467.0	4,179.0	2,413.0	1,600.0	9,900.0
	Sept 1991	3,069.0	3,012.0	1,138.0	470.0	7,500.0
	Oct 1991	936.0	917.0	347.0	270.0	2,900.0
	I	Root Conc	entrations	(ppm)		
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	1,480.0	893.0	515.0	840.0	2,500.0
	Sept 1991	1,393.0	455.0	172.0	750.0	2,000.0
	Oct 1991	1,777.0	952.0	360.0	520.0	3,100.0
Typha latifolia	July 1991	4,433.0	2,438.0	1,408.0	2,600.0	7,200.0
	Sept 1991	2,000.0	673.0	254.0	1,300.0	3,300.0
	Oct 1991	2,167.0	967.0	366.0	170.0	3,200.0
Sparganium sp.	July 1991	3,567.0	1,305.0	754.0	2,200.0	4,800.0
	Sept 1991	1,811.0	625.0	236.0	980.0	2,700.0
	Oct 1991	1,366.0	670.0	253.0	650.0	2,300.0
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	1,667.0	153.0	88.0	1,500.0	1,800.0
	Sept 1991	999.0	283.0	107.0	590.0	1,500.0
	Oct 1991	1,571.0	325.0	123.0	1,200.0	2,100.0
leocharis ovata	July 1991	1,867.0	321.0	186.0	1,500.0	2,100.0
	Sept 1991	1,564.0	731.0	276.0	520.0	2,700.0
	Oct 1991	1,946.0	2,237.0	846.0	90.0	6,700.0

TABLE 5-4. 'Summary of TPH Concentrations For Individual Sampling Dates (Continued)							
Plant	Sampling Date	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	
	5	hoot Cor	ncentrations	(ppm)			
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	843.0	85.0	49.0	- 780.0	940.0	
	Sept 1991	663.0	133.0	50.0	510.0	870.0	
	Oct 1991	466.0	106.0	40.0	310.0	550.0	
Typha latifolia	July 1991	913.0	430.0	248.0	450.0	1,300.0	
	Sept 1991	479.0	314.0	119.0	210.0	1,100.0	
	Oct 1991	156.0	96.0	36.0	20.0	300.0	
Sparganium sp.	July 1991	1,020.0	252.0	146.0	810.0	1,300.0	
	Sept 1991	1,250.0	210.0	79.0	950.0	1,600.0	
	Oct 1991	513.0	173.0	65.0	290.0	790.0	
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	470.0	104.0	60.0	400.0	590.0	
	Sept 1991	473.0	69.0	26.0	350.0	560.0	
	Oct 1991	214.0	65.0	25.0	86.0	300.0	
Eleocharis ovata	July 1991	613.0	143.0	83.0	490.0	770.0	
	Sept 1991	757.0	179.0	68.0	570.0	1,000.0	
	Oct 1991	253.0	117.0	44.0	20.0	400.0	

TABLE 5-5. Summary of Zn Concentrations For Individual Sampling Dates							
Plant	Sampling Date	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	
	5	oil Con	centrations	(ppm)			
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	126.0	64.0	37.0	87.0	200.0	
	Sept 1991	139.0	71.0	27.0	82.0	290.0	
	Oct 1991	116.0	67.0	25.0	53.0	240.0	
Typha latifolia	July 1991	260.0	128.0	70.0	120.0	340.0	
	Sept 1991	333.0	249.0	94.0	91.0	680.0	
	Oct 1991	284.0	364.0	138.0	84.0	1,100.0	
Sparganium sp.	July 1991	443.0	206.0	119.0	230.0	640.0	
	Sept 1991	167.0	62.0	23.0	70.0	270.0	
	Oct 1991	197.0	101.0	38.0	82.0	390.0	

	TABLE 5-5. Summary of Zn Concentrations For Individual Sampling Dates (Continued)						
Plant	Sampling Date	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value	
	Soil Co	ncentra	tions (ppm)	(Continue	d)		
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	243.0	84.0	48.0	190.0	340.0	
	Sept 1991	213.0	117.0	44.0	120.0	460.0	
	Oct 1991	135.0	58.0	22.0	78.0	250.0	
Eleocharis ovata	July 1991	223.0	72.0	42.0	140.0	270.0	
	Sept 1991	203.0	180.0	68.0	46.0	540.0	
	Oct 1991	211.0	124.0	47.0	140.0	490.0	
	F	loot Co	ncentration	s (ppm)			
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	28.0	13.0	7.5	20.0	43.0	
	Sept 1991	18.7	10.2	3.9	10.0	38.0	
	Oct 1991	11.6	4.8	1.8	7.0	21.0	
Typha latifolia	July 1991	235.0	131.0	76.0	85.0	330.0	
	Sept 1991	87.0	73.0	28.0	21.0	190.0	
	Oct 1991	53.0	30.0	11.0	16.0	110.0	
Sparganium sp.	July 1991	460.0	207.0	119.0	270.0	680.0	
	Sept 1991	203.0	105.0	40.0	92.0	400.0	
	Oct 1991	347.0	141.0	53.0	150.0	540.0	
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	54.7	27.7	16.0	29.0	84.0	
_ 7 - 7	Sept 1991	36.4	21.7	8.2	14.0	70.0	
	Oct 1991	17.3	6.0	2.3	12.0	29.0	
Eleocharis ovata	July 1991	209.0	85.0	49.0	140.0	300.0	
,	Sept 1991	159.0	149.0	56.0	45.0	440.0	
	Oct 1991	164.0	90.0	34.0	62.0	310.0	
	Sh	oot Cor	ncentrations	(ppm)			
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	10.7	3.8	2.2	8.0	15.0	
	Sept 1991	9.9	3.0	1.1	6.0	15.0	
	Oct 1991	17.6	7.3	2.8	10.0	30.0	
Typha latifolia	July 1991	28.3	5.5	3.2	23.0	34.0	
	Sept 1991	24.9	13.5	5.1	14.0	50.0	
	Oct 1991	39.4	23.5	8.9	13.0	<i>77</i> .0	

TABLE 5-5.	Summary of (Continued)	Zn Con	centrations	For Individ	lual Sampli	ng Dates
Plant	Sampling Date	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
	Shoot Co	oncentra	ations (ppm) (Continu	ed)	
Sparganium sp.	July 1991 -	112.0	17.1	-9.9	96.0	130.0
	Sept 1991	150.7	36.1	13.6	95.0	200.0
	Oct 1991	238.6	60.9	23.0	150.0	350.0
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	14.7	2.1	1.2	13.0	17.0
	Sept 1991	13.3	2.6	1.0	11.0	17.0
	Oct 1991	11.1	2.7	1.0	8.0	16.0
Eleocharis ovata	July 1991	69.3	25.4	14.7	40.0	85.0
	Sept 1991	92.6	43.6	16.5	53.0	170.0
	Oct 1991	85.9	34.3	13.0	56.0	160.0

TABLE 5-6.	TABLE 5-6. Summary of Pb Concentrations For Individual Sampling Dates							
Plant	Sampling Date	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value		
	\$	oil Con	centrations	(ppm)				
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	37.0	33.0	19.0	18.0	75.0		
	Sept 1991	58.0	50.0	19.0	15.0	150.0		
	Oct 1991	31.0	28.0	10.0	11.0	89.0		
Typha latifolia	July 1991	109.0	55.0	32.0	47.0	150.0		
	Sept 1991	124.0	128.0	46.0	14.0	320.0		
	Oct 1991	88.0	110.0	42.0	17.0	330.0		
Sparganium sp.	July 1991	193.0	95.0	55.0	100.0	290.0		
	Sept 1991	36.0	32.0	12.0	4.0	78.0		
	Oct 1991	83.0	72.0	27.0	18.0	230.0		
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	103.0	49.0	29.0	73.0	160.0		
	Sept 1991	82.0	65.0	24.0	34.0	220.0		
	Oct 1991	39.0	38.0	14.0	7.0	120.0		
Eleocharis ovata	July 1991	86.0	42.0	24.0	38.0	110.0		
	Sept 1991	78.0	98.0	37.0	6.0	280.0		
	Oct 1991	86.0	95.0	36.0	37.0	300.0		

TABLE 5-6., Summary of Pb Concentrations For Individual Sampling Dates (Continued)						
Plant	Sampling Date	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
	R	oot Co	ncentrations	(ppm)		
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	4.9	2.0	1.1	2.7	6.4
	Sept 1991	3.7	2.6	1.0	2.0	9.0
	Oct 1991	1.1	0.4	0.1	1.0	2.0
Typha latifolia	July 1991	34.0	21.1	12.2	14.0	56.0
	Sept 1991	12.9	12.3	4.6	1.0	32.0
	Oct 1991	4.6	3.2	1.2	2.0	11.0
Sparganium sp.	July 1991	146.7	15.3	8.8	130.0	160.0
	Sept 1991	44.7	24.1	9.1	12.0	85.0
	Oct 1991	59.9	43.7	16.5	18.0	140.0
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	14.2	7.4	4.3	5.7	19.0
	Sept 1991	4.4	3.4	1.3	1.0	10.0
	Oct 1991	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
Eleocharis ovata	July 1991	46.3	14.5	8.4	37.0	63.0
13.	Sept 1991	50.9	53.6	20.3	6.0	150.0
	Oct 1991	38.0	28.5	10.8	8.0	96.0
	Sh	oot Co	ncentrations	(ppm)		
Iris pseudacorus	July 1991	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
	Sept 1991	1.7	0.8	0.3	1.0	3.0
	Oct 1991	1.3	0.5	0.2	1.0	2.0
Typha latifolia	July 1991	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
	Sept 1991	1.1	0.4	0.1	1.0	2.0
- Y	Oct 1991	2.0	1.1	0.4	1.0	4.0
Sparganium sp.	July 1991	2.5	0.4	0.2	2.2	2.9
	Sept 1991	16.6	14.5	5.5	2.2	37.0
	Oct 1991	8.6	4.3	1.6	3.7	15.0
Scirpus acutus	July 1991	2.9	3.4	1.9	1.0	6.8
	Sept 1991	1.1	0.4	0.1	1.0	2.0
	Oct 1991	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
Eleocharis ovata	July 1991	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0
	Sept 1991	5.3	10.0	3.8	1.0	28.0
	Oct 1991	4.9	2.5	1.0	3.0	9.0

TABLE 5-7. T-Test Per S	TABLE 5-7. T-Test Probability Values Between TPH Concentrations Per Sampling Date								
Plant	Sampling Date	Concentration (ppm) July 1991	Concentration (ppm) Sept. 1991						
	50	1							
Iris pseudacorus	Sept. 1991	0.480							
	Oct. 1991	0.075	0.092						
Typha latifolia	Sept. 1991	0.380							
	Oct. 1991	0.031	0.110						
Sparganium sp.	Sept. 1991	0.013							
	Oct. 1991	0.003	0.380						
Scirpus acutus	Sept. 1991	0.370							
	Oct. 1991	0.001	0.001						
Eleocharis ovata	Sept. 1991	0.290							
	Oct. 1991	0.058	0.084						
	Roc	it							
Iris pseudacorus	Sept. 1991	1.000							
	Oct. 1991	0.760	0.660						
Typha latifolia	Sept. 1991	0.150							
	Oct. 1991	0.120	0.760						
Sparganium sp.	Sept. 1991	0.084							
	Oct. 1991	0.027	0.180						
Scirpus acutus	Sept. 1991	0.003							
	Oct. 1991	0.460	0.005						
Eleocharis ovata	Sept. 1991	0.270							
	Oct. 1991	0.330	0.650						
	Sho	ot							
Iris pseudacorus	Sept. 1991	0.003							
	Oct. 1991	0.001	0.012						
Typha latifolia	Sept. 1991	0.160							
	Oct. 1991	0.006	0.001						
Sparganium sp.	Sept. 1991	0.300							
	Oct. 1991	0.013	0.000						

TABLE 5-7. T-Test Probability Values Between TPH Concentrations Per Sampling Date (Continued)								
Plant	Sampling Date	Concentration (ppm) July 1991	Concentration (ppm) Sept. 1991					
	Shoot (Co	ntinued)						
Scirpus acutus	Sept. 1991	0.940						
	Oct. 1991	0.004	0.001					
Eleocharis ovata	Sept. 1991	0.270						
	Oct. 1991	0.028	0.016					

Matrix lead concentrations over time were at or near the detection limit levels; thus, no trend was evident. As shown in Table 5-8, the only significant drop (p<0.01) in soil lead concentrations came between July and September for Sparganium sp. Root tissue lead concentrations generally decreased from July to October. As with the soil levels, Sparganium sp. showed a marked decline of root lead levels from July to September but increased again in October. Iris pseudacorus and Typha latifolia root lead levels also fell significantly during the study (p<0.05 or p<0.01). Variations in Scirpus acutus and Eleocharis ovata root lead levels followed no significant pattern. Overall, shoot tissues contained such low levels of lead that temporal trends in levels were difficult to gauge. Sparganium sp. showed the greatest variability, with a sudden increase in shoot lead concentrations from July to September (p<0.05).

Matrix levels of zinc followed no observable temporal patterns (Table 5-9). For lead and TPH, Sparganium sp. showed the greatest variability over time. Zinc concentrations in Sparganium sp. soil and root samples fell sharply between July and September and then rose modestly in October. Sparganium sp. shoot tissues showed a steady increase over this time (p<0.01). Another notable trend was that zinc concentrations in Typha latifolia roots fell during the study, but not significantly.

Species to Species Variations

Variation in matrix pollutant levels for all five study species were examined using ANOVA and t-tests. As shown in Table 5-10, concentrations of TPH in soils associated with the study species departed from one another significantly (ANOVA p<0.001). Soil zinc levels also displayed considerable variation from species to species (t-test p<0.05).

TABLE .5-8. T-Te Per	st Probability Val Sampling Date	ues Between Pb	Concentrations	
Plant	Sampling Date	Concentration (ppm) July 1991	Concentration (ppm) Sept. 1991	
	Sol	II.		
Iris pseudacorus	Sept. 1991	0.560		
	Oct. 1991	0.760	0.210	
Typha latifolia	Sept. 1991	0.610		
	Oct. 1991	0.300	0.660	
Sparganium sp.	Sept. 1991	0.008		
	Oct. 1991	0.056	0.100	
Scirpus acutus	Sept. 1991	0.360		
	Oct. 1991 0.021		0.054	
Eleocharis ovata	Sept. 1991	0.320		
	Oct. 1991	0.690	0.440	
	Roo	it		
Iris pseudacorus	Sept. 1991	0.340		
	Oct. 1991	0.038	0.002	
Typha latifolia	Sept. 1991	0.062		
	Oct. 1991	0.022	0.370	
Sparganium sp.	Sept. 1991	0.002 -		
	Oct. 1991	0.007	0.540	
Scirpus acutus	Sept. 1991	0.005		
	Oct. 1991	Not defined	Not defined	
Eleocharis ovata	Sept. 1991	0.440		
	Oct. 1991	0.270	0.920	
	Shoo	ot		
Iris pseudacorus	Sept. 1991	Not defined		
	Oct. 1991	Not defined	0.250	
Typha latifolia	Sept. 1991	Not defined		
	Oct. 1991	Not defined	0.040	
Sparganium sp.	Sept. 1991	0.015		
	Oct. 1991	0.002	0.490	

TABLE 5-8. T-Te	est Probability Va Sampling Date (lues Between Pb Continued)	Concentrations	
Plant	Sampling Date	Concentration (ppm) July 1991	Concentration (ppm) Sept. 1991	
	Shoot (Ca	ntinued)		
Scirpus acutus	Sept. 1991	0.490		
	Oct. 1991	Not defined	Not defined	
Eleocharis ovata	Sept. 1991	Not defined	-	
	Oct. 1991	Not defined	0.180	

Plant	Sampling Date	Concentration (ppm)		
		July 1991	(ppm) Sept. 1991	
	So	il .		
Iris pseudacorus	Sept. 1991	0.780		
	Oct. 1991	0.720	0.410	
Typha latifolia	Sept. 1991	0.900		
	Oct. 1991	0.640	0.530	
Sparganium sp.	Sept. 1991	0.067		
	Oct. 1991	0.100	0.630	
Scirpus acutus	Sept. 1991	0.470		
	Oct. 1991	0.059	0.095	
Eleocharis ovata	Sept. 1991	0.370		
	Oct. 1991	0.700	0.490	
-	Roo	t		
Iris pseudacorus	Sept. 1991	0.220		
	Oct. 1991	0.053	0.097	
Typha latifolia	Sept. 1991	0.086		
	Oct. 1991	0.057	0.580	
Sparganium sp.	Sept. 1991	0.060		
	Oct. 1991	0.420	0.051	

Plant	Sampling	Concentration	
	Date	Concentration (ppm) July 1991	Concentration (ppm) Sept. 1991
	Root (Co	ntinued)	
Scirpus acutus	Sept. 1991	0.280	
	Oct. 1991	0.079	0.056
Eleocharis ovata	Sept. 1991	0.230	
	Oct. 1991	0.390	0.590

Plant	Iris pseudacorus	Typha latifolia	Sparganium sp.	Scirpus acutus
	TPH Conc	entrations (
Typha latifolia	. 0.000		T T	
Sparganium sp.	0.000	0.630		
Scirpus acutus	0.033	0.053	0.087	
Eleocharis ovata	0.002	0.310	0.530	0.270
	Zn Conce	ntrations (p	pm)	9.270
Typha latifolia	0.007		Г	
Sparganium sp.	0.006	0.610		
Scirpus acutus	0.024	0.230	0.400	
Eleocharis ovata	0.033	0.360	0.610	0.810

Soils associated with *Iris pseudacorus* especially vary from other species' soils in TPH and zinc levels (t-test p<0.01 or p<0.05). This may be due to active bioaccumulation by *Iris pseudacorus* or due to the distance of the sample sites from the pollution sources (inflows). Soil lead concentrations, however, varied insignificantly from one another (ANOVA p= 0.262). Among the root tissues, lead and zinc levels were found to be significantly different (p<0.001) for all species (Table 5-11). Root TPH concentrations did not differ significantly from species to species.

Plant	Iris pseudacorus	Typha latifolia	Sparganium sp.	Scirpus
	Pb Conce	ntrations (p	pm)	
Typha latifolia	0.003		T	
Sparganium sp.	0.000	0.000		
Scirpus acutus	0.680	0.018	0.000	
Eleocharis ovata	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000
	Zn Conce	ntrations (p	pm)	
Typha latifolia	0.000		Γ	
Sparganium sp.	0.000	0.000		*.
Scirpus acutus	0.013	0.002	0.000	
Eleocharis ovata	0.000	0.014	0.004	0.000

Sparganium sp. and Eleocharis ovata root tissues clearly exceeded the other species (p<0.01 to p<0.001) in lead and zinc concentrations. Sparganium sp. had the strongest affinity for both zinc and lead, with means of 307.8 and 68.9 mg/kg, respectively.

As shown in Table 5-12, shoot tissues varied significantly from one another for all pollutants (p<0.001). Sparganium sp. shoots had the highest mean concentrations for all pollutants, with 906 (TPH), 10.8 (lead), and 180.1 (zinc) mg/kg at significance levels from p<0.05 to p<0.001 (Tables 5-13, 5-14, and 5-15). Shoot zinc concentrations exhibited broadly distributed values, with t-test probability values of <0.001 for all comparisons except Scirpus acutus and Iris pseudacorus.

Matrix to Matrix Variations

The general trend in matrix preferences for TPH, lead, and zinc for all five plant species followed, in order of decreasing preference, soil, root, then shoot. T-test analysis of matrices within each species showed that in all cases either the soil and root matrices were statistically equal in pollutant concentration or that soil pollutant levels were significantly greater than root pollutant levels (Table 5-16). Iris pseudacorus root matrix provided the only exception, with Iris pseudacorus root TPH levels exceeding soil and shoot TPH levels (p<0.001), strongly suggesting active

Plant	Iris pseudacorus	Typha latifolia	Sparganium sp.	Scirpus acutus
	TPH Conc	entrations (j	opm)	
Typha latifolia	0.012			
Sparganium sp.	0.034	0.001		
Scirpus acutus	0.001	0.562	0.000	
Eleocharis ovata	0.150	0.260	0.013	0.390
	Pb Conce	ntrations (p		0.070
Typha latifolia	0.900			
Sparganium sp.	0.000	0.000		
Scirpus acutus	0.450	0.410	0.000	
Eleocharis ovata	0.021	0.025	0.003	0.009
	Zn Concer	ntrations (pp	om)	3.332
Typha latifolia	0.000		_	
Sparganium sp.	0.000	0.000	= 1	
Scirpus acutus	0.810	0.000	0.000	
leocharis ovata	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

TABLE 5-13. Sur Plant	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard	Minimum	Maximum
	Soil	Concentrat	Error	Value	Value
Iris pseudacorus	652.0	825.0	200.0	20.0	3,100.0
Typha latifolia	4,599.0	4,645.0	1,127.0	210.0	14,000.0
Sparganium sp.	3,381.0	4,657.0	1,130.0	360.0	17,000.0
Scirpus acutus	1,689.0	2,086.0	506.0	94.0	8,600.0
Eleocharis ovata	2,614.0	2,958.0	717.0	270.0	9,900.0

Plant	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
	Roo	t Concentral	tions (ppm)		
Iris pseudacorus	1,566.0	743.0	180.0	520.0	3,100.0
Typha latifolia	2,498.0	1,457.0	353.0	170.0	7,200.0
Sparganium sp.	1,938.0	1,084.0	263.0	650.0	4,800.0
Scirpus acutus	1,352.0	409.0	99.0	590.0	2,100.0
Eleocharis ovata	1,775.0	1,457.0	353.0	90.0	6,700.0
	Shoo	t Concentral	ions (ppm)		9// 00.0
Iris pseudacorus	614.0	180.0	44.0	310.0	940.0
Typha latifolia	423.0	376.0	91.0	20.0	1,300.0
Sparganium sp.	906.0	397.0	96.0	290.0	1,600.0
Scirpus acutus	366.0	148.0	36.0	86.0	590.0
Eleocharis ovata	524.0	278.0	67.0	20.0	1,000.0

TABLE 5-14. Su Plant	Mean	Standard	Standard	Minimum	Maximum
	Dev	Deviation	Error	Value	. Value
	Soi	l Concentrat	ions (ppm)		
Iris pseudacorus	43.0	39.0	94.0	11.0	150.0
Typha latifolia	107.0	109.0	25.2	14.0	330.0
Sparganium sp.	83.0	82.0	19.9	4.0	290.0
Scirpus acutus	68.0	56.0	13.5	7.0	220.0
Eleocharis ovata	83.0	85.0	20.6	6.0	300.0
	Root	Concentrat	ions (ppm)		300.0
ris pseudacorus	2.9	2.3	0.6	1.0	9.0
Typha latifolia	13.2	15.2	3.7	1.0	56.0
Sparganium sp.	68.9	48.9	11.9	12.0	160.0
Scirpus acutus	4.8	5.9	1.4	1.0	
eleocharis ovata	44.8	30.8	9.2	6.0	19.0 150.0

TABLE 5-14. Summary of Matrix Pb Concentrations Over Sampling Period (Continued)					
Plant	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
	Shoo	ot Concentra	tions (ppm)		
Iris pseudacorus	1.4	0.6	0.2	1.0	3.0
Typha latifolia	1.5	0.8	0.2	1.0	4.0
Sparganium sp.	10.8	10.7	2.6	2.0	37.0
Scirpus acutus	1.4	1.4	0.3	1.0	7.0
Eleocharis ovata	4.4	6.6	1.6	1.0	28.0

TABLE 5-15. Su	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
	Soi	l Concentrat		Value	value
Iris pseudacorus	127.0	65.0	16.0	53.0	290.0
Typha latifolia	300.0	275.0	67.0	84.0	1100.0
Sparganium sp.	228.0	146.0	35.0	70.0	
Scirpus acutus	186.0	97.0	24.0	78.0	640.0
Eleocharis ovata	210.0	136.0	33.0	46.0	460.0
	Roo	Concentrat		40.0	540.0
Iris pseudacorus	17.4	10.3	2.5	7.0	42.0
Typha latifolia	99.3	94.6	23.0	16.0	43.0
Sparganium sp.	307.8	163.6	39.7	92.0	330.0
Scirpus acutus	31.8	22.0	5.3	12.0	680.0
Eleocharis ovata	169.1	111.9	27.1		84.0
	***************************************	t Concentrat		45.0	440.0
ris pseudacorus	13.2	6.3	1.5	- CO - T	
Typha latifolia	31.5	18.1	4.4	6.0	30.0
Sparganium sp.	180.1	68.3	16.6	13.0	77.0
cirpus acutus	12.6	2.8		95.0	350.0
leocharis ovata	85.7	36.1	0.7 8.8	8.0 40.0	17.0 170.0

TABLE 5-16.	Comparison of Over Samplin	of Pollutant Con g Period	centrations	Matrix to Matrix
Plant	Soil vs Shoot	Soil vs Root	Root vs Shoot	Matrix Relationship
		TPH		
Iris pseudacorus	0.110	0.000	0.000	root > soil = shoo
Typha latifolia	0.000	0.840	0.000	soil = root > shoot
Sparganium sp.	0.010	0.790	0.000	soil = root > shoot
Scirpus acutus	0.005	0.270	0.000	soil = root > shoot
Eleocharis ovata	0.002	0.820	0.001	soil = root > shoot
		Pb		
Iris pseudacorus	0.000	0.000	0.017	soil > root > shoot
Typha latifolia	0.000	0.000	0.000	soil > root > shoot
Sparganium sp.	0.000	0.740	0.000	soil = root > shoot
Scirpus acutus	0.000	0.000	0.017	soil > root > shoot
Eleocharis ovata	0.000	0.099	0.000	soil = root > shoot
		Zn		
ris pseudacorus	0.000	0.000	0.170	soil > shoot = root
Typha latifolia	0.000	0.000	0.002	soil >root > shoot
Sparganium sp.	0.400	0.120	0.010	root = soil > shoot
Scirpus acutus	0.000	0.000	0.003	soil > root > shoot
leocharis ovata	0.000	0.290	0.007	soil = root > shoot

bioaccumulation by *Iris pseudacorus* root tissues. Shoot tissues contained the lowest mean pollutant levels regardless of species, with the exception, again, of *Iris pseudacorus*, whose mean root and shoot zinc concentrations were roughly equal.

T-tests indicated that soil and root levels of TPH for all species did not differ meaningfully from each other except for *Iris pseudacorus* root tissues, as mentioned previously. This might suggest at least passive, if not active, bioaccumulation on the part of these species. T-tests also revealed no apparent preferential uptake of lead or zinc for any plant tissues. *Sparganium sp.* and *Eleocharis ovata* displayed no significant variation between soil and root concentrations of lead and zinc, indicating some capacity for bioaccumulation of these metals.

BIOMASS VARIATIONS

Biomass per unit area measurements were obtained at the end of the growing season in November 1991 (Table 5-17). Considered separately, Typha latifolia root and shoot tissues yielded the most biomass per unit area of all root and shoot tissues (Table 5-18). For Typha latifolia shoot biomasses, the comparison was significant in all cases (p<0.001 or p<0.05). For Typha latifolia root biomass, however, the significance was not across the board, with Iris pseudacorus and Scirpus root biomass not significantly departing from Typha root biomass measurements (Table 5-19).

TABLE 5-17.	T-Test Probability Between Species	Values for	Total Plant Mass	Per Area
Plant	Iris pseudacorus	Typha latifolia	Sparganium sp.	Scirpus acutus
Typha latifolia	0.018			
Sparganium sp.	0.000	0.000		
Scirpus acutus	0.320	0.004	0.000	
Eleocharis ovata	0.006	0.001	0.570	0.011

Plant	Mean Mass/Area (kg/m²)	Mean TPH (g/m²)	Mean Pb (g/m²)	Mean Zn (g/m²)
Iris pseudacorus root	2.56	4.01	0.007	0.045
Iris pseudacorus shoot	1.41	0.86	0.002	0.019
Typha latifolia root	3.16	7.90	0.042	0.314
Typha latifolia shoot	4.86	2.06	0.007	0.153
Sparganium sp. root	0.21	0.40	0.014	0.064
Sparganium sp. shoot	0.42	0.38	0.005	0.076
Scirpus acutus root	1.67	2.26	0.008	0.053
Scirpus acutus shoot	1.46	0.54	0.002	0.018
Eleocharis ovata root	0.17	0.31	0.008	0.029
Eleocharis ovata shoot	0.81	0.43	0.004	0.070

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Matrix	Iris pseuda- corus Root	Iris pseuda- corus Shoot	Typha Iatifolia Root	Typha Iatifolia Shoot	Sparga- nium sp. Root	Sparga- nium sp. Shoot	Scirpus acutus Root	Scirpus acutus Shoot	Eleocharis ovata Root
Iris pseudacorus Root	0.098								
<i>Typha latifolia</i> Root	0.640	0.120							
<i>Typha latifolia</i> Shoot	0.087	0.027	0.250						
Sparganium sp. Root	0.001	0.001	0.012	0.001					
Sparganium sp. Shoot	0.010	0.001	0.020	0.006	0.025				
Scirpus acutus Root	0.210	0.600	0.180	0.031	0.012	0.025			
Scirpus acutus Shoot	960.0	0.650	0.130	0.025	0.003	0.002	0.071		
Eleocharis ovata Root	0.001	0.001	0.010	0.001	0.330	0.016	0.011	0.002	
Eleocharis ovata Shoot	0.018	0.093	0.026	9000	9000	0.069	0.077	0.068	0.004

Using biomass per unit area measurements and mean pollutant concentration per unit weight, average pollutant loads per unit area were calculated separately for the roots and shoots of each species. Not surprisingly, Typha latifolia roots had the highest loadings per unit area for TPH, lead, and zinc, with 7.9, 0.042, and 0.134 g/m², respectively. Iris pseudacorus roots, followed by Scirpus acutus roots, were the next highest accumulators of TPH. Sparganium sp.-roots and shoots, followed by Eleocharis ovata roots and shoots, retained the next most appreciable quantities of lead and zinc after Typha latifolia.

SOIL NITROGEN/PHOSPHORUS

Nitrogen and phosphorus in soils from the pond and the reference control sites were compared using Mann-Whitney "U" tests (Table 5-20). Nitrogen levels were higher at the control sites (p<0.001), while phosphorus was markedly lower at the control sites (p<0.05). Comparisons of the various reference control sites with the "U" test revealed no significant differences in nitrogen or phosphorus levels among them.

TABLE 5-20.	Soil Nitrogen and Between the Pon	d Phosphorus Con d and Selected Si	centrations tes
Type of Concentration	Median Level in Pond (ppm)	Median Level at Selected Site (ppm)	Mann-Whitney p Value
	Control	Site	
Total Nitrogen	1,200	14,500	0.000
Total Phosphorus	1,100	830	0.012
	Pacific Wetlan	d Nursery	
Total Nitrogen	1,200	2,250	0.156
Total Phosphorus	1,200	370	0.073
	Lower Ceda	ar River	
Total Nitrogen	1,400	16,000	0.010
Total Phosphorus	4,300	1,450	0.777
	Lake Samm	namish	
Total Nitrogen	1,200	15,500	0.000
Total Phosphorus	1,100	830	0.004